

## CHARITON COURIER.

A. C. VANDIVER PROPRIETOR.  
KEYTESVILLE, - MISSOURI.

### READ! REFLECT! REMIT!

While it gives us pleasure to state that, physically, we never felt better, yet it grieves us to impart the intelligence that, financially, we never had less, and we would be glad if our delinquents would please remit that "little subscription bill." Our cash is getting low, and there is a disagreeable uncertainty as to how long our generous neighbors will continue to bring in "cold checks," to fill the aching void in the region of our watch pocket. Remittances can be made by postal note, post-office money order, registered letter or in person. Direct to COURIER, one door west of starvation, Keytesville, Mo.

The clearings of the associated banks in Kansas City last week show a gain of nearly \$4,000 over the corresponding period of last year, and about \$400,000 over the previous week. The reserve of the New York clearing-house banks decreased \$1,270,725.

Every resident of Montauk, Morgan and Cooper counties, fifty years old or over, will be invited to attend the first day of the Tipton fair free. Mrs. Kate Baker's Ladies' Cornet band, of Gallatin, Davies county, will be engaged to furnish the music during fair week.

C. R. CARTER, Tom W. Keeton and three other prisoners killed the deputy sheriff at Mount Vernon, in the county seat of Lawrence county, in this state, and escaped from the jail about 1 o'clock Tuesday morning. A reward of \$400 is offered by the authorities for Carter's arrest.

During the week the rain-fall has been in excess in all states on the Atlantic coast, along the immediate East Gulf coast and in Western Missouri and Eastern Kansas, the heaviest rain falls occurred along the Middle Atlantic coast. In the Mississippi, Ohio and Missouri valleys there was less rain than usual, the deficiency amounting to about an inch in the states of the Mississippi valley.

The warden of the Iowa state prison went last week to see the governor and lay before him a singular case under his charge. A prisoner is now confined in the penitentiary on a charge of bigamy, but he claims that the crime was committed by a twin brother, who is free, while the innocent one is behind the bars. As twins, he says, they resembled each other so closely that the officer mixed them up, arrested the wrong fellow, and the court sent the wrong man to prison.

A heavy rain and wind storm passed over Howard county, on Monday of last week, the center of which appears to have been about four or five miles south of Fayette, where it blew down a large barn belonging to Henry McCollough, killing seventy-five head of Merino sheep, among them his fine premium buck, "Perfection," which was valued at \$1,000 and had taken premiums in every ring in which he was ever exhibited. Three head of horses were also killed.

It is now conceded that the legislature at Jefferson City will fail to pass an effective law regulating railroad transportation in this state. It is true, however, that they will pass a law that a majority of the members of both houses will claim to have that effect. But they can hardly impose this miserable abortion on their constituents. They are either terribly hoodwinked themselves, or else they have sold out to the railroad bosses.

The new law regulating saloons and other tipping houses in this state went into effect last Sunday. The object of the law is to abate an evil in all the large cities throughout the state that former legislation on this subject had entirely failed to reach. But it will be gratifying to the friends of the law to know that the saloons and beer gardens in St. Louis were closed last Sunday, and remained closed all day, with the exception of Schneider's beer garden, which was kept open all day for the purpose of making a test case on the constitutionality of the law.

The Rowan county, Kentucky vendetta has just had an awful termination. After raging for more than three years, and sacrificing twenty-one lives, good citizens of adjoining counties become disgusted at the conduct of these outlaws, and to the number of two hundred, went to the assistance of Sheriff Hogg, of Rowan county, and surrounded Morehead, the county seat, Wednesday morning of last week, where Craig Toller and his followers had taken possession and were running the county in their own way, killing every man that had the temerity to oppose their method of dealing out justice in the community. When Toller and his adherents saw what was going on, they very quietly retired to one of the hotels and opened fire on the sheriff and his posse, killing one man, and slightly wounding another. This opened the battle which lasted for two hours, at the end of which, it was found Craig Toller and two of his brothers had been killed, and others of the outlaws were badly wounded, some of whom, however, managed to escape. This, it is hoped, will forever settle the reign of terror in Rowan county.

### FROM JEFFERSON CITY.

The past week was the most eventful since the extra session of the general assembly began. The substitute bills offered in each house by the committee on railroads and internal improvements were discussed section by section.

The senate committee bill, with a few amendments, was ordered engrossed on Friday. Being anxious to save all the time possible, the entire clerical force of the senate were turned over to P. P. Ellis, the head of the engrossing force, under whose management the work was completed by 5 o'clock p. m. Friday, and the bill given to the printer, who completed his work and had the engrossed bill on the desks of the senators by 9 o'clock a. m. Saturday. It is expected this bill, as amended, will pass the senate. What its fate will be in the house cannot be foretold with certainty.

When the committee reported a substitute for house bills, Dr. Richardson, of Stoddard county, offered a substitute for the committee bill. Richardson's substitute was voted down on Thursday, was reconsidered Friday, and discussed at length. In the discussion it was plainly shown that some of the Democratic members wanted just as little railroad legislation as possible; in fact, none to hurt.

We were sorry to note the fact that Judge Salisbury voted for the Richardson substitute in preference to the committee bill, as in so doing we think he allied himself with the opponents of railroad legislation and against the wishes and interests of his constituents. The judge, at the regular session, opposed bill 620 because it did not establish maximum rates.

The Richardson bill permits the railroads to establish their own rates, as we understand it, and gives the commissioners but very little power in the premises. The committee bill established maximum rates and authorized the commissioners, in certain cases, to lower them. Which, we inquire, would most likely prove of benefit to the people of the state? Which would most likely balance the scales of justice between the people and the railroads? Some of the papers, under the influence of railroads, oppose legislation. They take up the cudgel for the farmers and say the farmers are not asking for legislation looking to the control of the railroads as it respects their charges for freight transportation, and as a proof of their position refer to the fact that farmers have not been before the legislative committees urging any change in the law, or to give expression of grievances.

Editors who thus endeavor to pull the wool over the eyes of their candid readers, ought to remember that farmers, as a class, are not lobbyists—they have no time, nor the means to spare to go to the state capital and wrestle with, not a single monopoly merely, but a combination of monopolists for their rights, which everybody ought to be willing to accord them as a matter of justice. Besides, this matter of railroad legislation was discussed in the last campaign, and the people everywhere thought they were voting for men that would properly represent them in the general assembly in the making of wholesome laws pertaining to this important question. If they have been deceived, and their interests have been misrepresented, there will soon be a time for them to settle with their servants, and we believe they will do it in such a way as to furnish a valuable lesson to future law-makers.

We must admit that we are not now so hopeful of the passage of a good railroad bill as we were a week ago. There may yet be established harmony, where there is now seeming discord. We fear, however, such will not be the case, and that not a single member of the legislature will go home from the legislature with the result of the legislative session.

We think, from a careful survey of both houses, that there is no recognized leader in either. In short, there does not seem to be that degree of confidence, either in the ability or in the integrity of members, the one for the other, that there used to be. What circumstances have conspired to bring about this condition of affairs, we cannot say, but the fact is plainly manifest.

We have some expectation of an adjournment the latter part of this week or the early part of next week, though no day has been agreed upon by either house as yet. So far as we can judge, we believe an adjournment will be welcomed by the people, with or without legislation.

The extra session has been a good time for some men to make a record. The record has been made, but whether it is of such a character as will entitle them on returning home to the welcome plaudits from their constituents, "Well done good and faithful servants," remains to be seen.

### LATER.

June 28.  
The senate committee bill, after being amended, passed the senate last Saturday.

The Richardson bill, known as the "Swamp Angel," passed to engrossment in the house yesterday. Before reaching this point the bill was heavily loaded with amendments which some of its opponents say, make it a pretty good bill. Those who confidently expressed their belief at the commencement of the extra session that a good railroad law would be enacted by this body, have abandoned all hope of any legislation being done that amounts to

anything, thereby fulfilling H. Martin Williams' prediction, "There would be no legislation to hurt."

A resolution to adjourn on Friday next will be considered in both houses to-morrow (Wednesday), but the general impression is an adjournment cannot be reached till next week.

House bill 620 of the regular session was taken up this morning in the house and ordered to engrossment, by a vote of 76 to 40. Whether this was done to kill time, or to ultimately kill railroad legislation, doth not yet appear. "We shall soon see what we shall see."

### Muscle Fork.

A. S. Pound preached at Corinth on the 19th inst.

Miss Amanda Coy is getting up a music class in this community.

Tom Lattier and family, of Keytesville, visited friends in this place last Sunday.

The nice showers of the latter part of last week revived the growing crops considerably.

N. B. Welch and wife, of Keytesville, visited the family of his father, F. M. Welch, of near this place, last Saturday and Sunday.

Several of this vicinity went over to Prairie Hill to attend the dedication of the Holiness church at that place. Rev. Vandeventer preached the dedicatory sermon.

G. W. Guthrie has purchased a half interest in the Bishop & Ellis saw-mill, near Keytesville, he buying Bishop out. We wish "Rob" success in his new venture.

Oats will be ripe enough to cut next week, and there was a considerable quantity of hay mowed last week. As to an early season, does Texas still compete with "poor old Missouri?"

Rev. Ledbetter will preach at the New Hope church, near the Ball school-house, on the 9th and 10th of July. The first quarterly meeting will be held at that place at that time. Rev. Ledbetter is an able minister, and all should hear him.

The enterprising citizens of Prairie Hill have built a large church house at that place, free for any denomination to hold meetings in. Now what's the matter with Pee Dee, that a house cannot be built at this place for worship, on the same plan.

"Shabbona," seeing the dilemma into which he had fallen, wants to excuse himself by saying that no offense was intended, but he fails to explain what he meant by saying that we went for the "intelligent gentleman from Salisbury, etc., on the ground that misery loves company." Now, Bro. "Shab," we have often thought that if the death punishment was inflicted on us, we would prefer it by electricity, and not by being bored with a gimlet. You can't make us, nor an intelligent public, believe that you would rank us with intelligence, and don't try it. As this is no issue of any interest, unless you say something to discuss, your slang at us in the future will not be noticed. However, explain about the \$15 costs. Haven't you sinned?

### SIFTINGS.

#### Forks of Chariton.

We have had an abundance of rain the past few days, which has put everything in a growing and flourishing condition.

Oats have been blown down in some places, but not seriously injured.

Miss Belle Park and one Mr. Butts were married in Salisbury, at the Rev. Bond's. Bro. Bond tied the knot which made the twain one flesh. The happy couple boarded the train and started for Illinois, the home of the bridegroom, the same evening.

We learn that R. Landrum, who has been very sick for quite a while, is much better, though not out of danger by any means, as his disease is liable to go into consumption.

Andrew Perkins, who has been in Huntsville about five months, spent last week visiting friends in this neighborhood. Andrew looks as young and gay as he ever did. His actions are matrimonially suspicious.

The boys of this neighborhood concluded to take time by the forelock, so they have engaged their girls' company for the 4th already. But I feel sorry for Rush and John. I understand their girls are taking the measles; at least, supposed to be, as they were exposed to the masses at the German picnic. Bon, I think, will have better luck this time. I am satisfied that she won't cry.

Oscar Wood has been taking a list of the children in this district, under twenty, getting everything in shape for a winter school. Haven't heard whether they have engaged a teacher yet or not.

We have in our possession a note, or advertisement, some one picked up and handed us yesterday, that we consider very rare. As we are acquainted with the gentleman, and consider him a worthy and respectable young man, here it is verbatim:

Wanted—For the Fourth, a girl. Any age between 18 and 40. I will pay a liberal reward to any volunteer. Don't all speak at once.

R. E. L. C.

Suckers will get sucked sometimes. One of our best citizens met a boy with a jug, and, without asking any questions, took the jug and turned it up to his mouth and drank a good dram before he found that it was oil, and not what he expected. Be careful the next time.

ZAP.

### SALISBURY DEPARTMENT.

BY A. W. JOHNSON.

Mr. Johnson is authorized to receive and accept for Subscriptions, and any Advertisements handed to him will receive our prompt attention.

Wood Terrill, esq., was in town a few days this week.

The residence of Mrs. E. S. West is about completed.

Justice Newbold's law mill has been running right lively this week.

A few of our people went to Moberly last Saturday, to see the show.

Pat Foster thinks his head is slowly improving, since his cancer was removed.

Eddie Williams is preparing to get out a real estate paper, Success to the enterprise.

Work has been commenced on the new block on the east side of Broadway. C. A. Clarkson is laying the foundation.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Naylor, who have been visiting friends in Adair county, returned home Monday, well pleased with their trip.

J. J. Elliott, an old and highly respected citizen, who resided two miles north of this place, died on Saturday night, after a long illness.

The W. C. T. U. meeting, set for Monday night, gave way for W. F. Bell, who delivered a lengthy lecture on the subject of temperance, at the M. E. church.

On account of sickness in his family, Eld. A. C. Walker was unable to begin his meeting at the Christian church Thursday night, and the same was postponed.

Among other visitors since our last we notice L. D. Isbell, Judge H. C. Minter, Dr. J. A. Eagan and Eph Moore, of Keytesville. We are always glad to see our capital friends and hope they will come frequently.

The Press-Spectator, in imitation of the Post-Dispatch, will send up a monster balloon on the night of the 4th. This will be a fine opportunity for those who never witnessed an ascension to see one of the most awe inspiring sights ever witnessed in Salisbury.

The cry of "fire" on Thursday night about 9 o'clock caused some excitement, till the blaze was located. It proved to be the cooper shop connected with Hamilton's tobacco factory. The contents of the building were mostly saved. Loss small, with no insurance.

### NOTICE.

WHEREAS: The legislature of the State of Missouri, to stay the progress of intemperance have enacted a law which makes the doctors the custodians of the liquor traffic where there are no saloons; and

WHEREAS: The saloons will probably close in the town of Keytesville on the 4th day of July, next, we the resident physicians of said town, that we may not violate the laws nor seemingly antagonize the efforts of those who favor prohibition; will in the future prescribe fermented liquors to none but the needy, and to avoid the appearance of duplicity must charge for the same.

Signed, G. M. DEWEY, C. T. HOLLAND, J. T. ALDRIDGE, M. J. RUCKER.

We learn from the Greenbrier (W. Va.) Independent that Edgar P. Rucker had the degree of bachelor of laws recently conferred upon him by the university of that state, and that his essay on "The Works and Age of Milton," won the prize. "Edgar" is a brother to our efficient prosecuting attorney, W. W. Rucker, and has many friends in this place who hold the associations of his visit to Keytesville in days gone by in pleasant memory.

The Sheridan Courier, published at Sheridan, Colorado, Mix & Ha-worth proprietors, reaches us this week marked "X." Mr. Mix is son-in-law to Wm. O. Bryan, once a resident of this county, and who moved to Kansas some four years ago. He now resides in Sheridan, Colorado, and from the Courier we see he is erecting a business house on Colorado avenue.

Ed. Applegate, of St. Louis, came up last Thursday evening, expecting to spend about two weeks with kindred here, but was called home Monday morning, to make a trip through Illinois in the interest of the firm, Messrs. Ely, Walker & Co., for whom he has been working. Here's our best wishes, Ed, and may you make a successful commercial tour—or "fine-haired tramp," as some of the boys on the road put it.

The First National bank of Chillicothe, with a capital stock of \$50,000, commenced business last Monday morning with Judge James M. Davis as president and Adamantine Johnson, cashier. The president is the circuit judge of that judicial circuit, and is a prominent politician in Livingston county. Chillicothe has now three banks, with an aggregate capital of \$150,000.

Ten suspense on free pass court-esties is said to have kept more members of the legislature at Jefferson City last Sunday than were ever seen there on any previous Sunday since railroad communication was opened between St. Louis and the state.

When the St. Louis Globe-Democrat hears from Louisiana, its lamentations will go up in doleful howls. Six negroes were killed down there last Monday in trying to rescue another negro, who was in the hands of the officers of the law, for an assault on a white girl.

### Catarrh in Horses.

Horse owners may remember two attacks of disease which troubled our horses during the past few years known as epizootic. The disease 12 years ago was extensive and often fatal. Its main symptom was a violent catarrhal discharge from the nose, present in every case. The disease four or five years ago, though going by the same name, was so different, milder in form, as to lead to the impression that it was altogether a new one. In the attack the catarrhal discharge was much less frequent. When it did occur, complete recovery followed, and when it did not, while the horse seemed slowly to regain his former vigor, he was injured by a permanent thickening of the of the lining membranes of the air passage of the head and throat, and in the throat extending to the surrounding tissues, making the air tubes so small that he could not easily get breath enough, especially when unusual work called for an extra supply of air. Further, this condition seems to be hereditary, so that colts bred from stock so affected are more effected by this impeded breathing than others.

By some horsemen this condition has been mistaken for heaves, or the heaver disease. The labored breathing is the same in both cases, but the cases are different; in one case a sort of asthma, in the other a chronic nasal catarrh without outward discharge. In this case the thickening may be felt back of the angle of the jaws and between the jaws. The swollen condition may be readily recognized by feeling the outer part of the throat as compared with a sound one.

This condition may be cured by raising the horse's head and pouring a tablespoonful of JACKSON'S COMMON SENSE LINIMENT into each nostril and letting it run down the throat, then let the head down and pour some on top of ears as to let it run down to the angles of the jaws and back of the throat. Repeat this daily. It will produce a discharge such as should have taken place when the horse was first attacked with the disease, with no unpleasant symptoms at times of use afterwards. Feed with Common Sense Renovating Powders to thoroughly cleanse the system. The result will be the removal of the false thickening by direct discharge through the pores of the skin, and the system stimulated to healthy action. The above disease can be cured, the natural breathing restored and the disease eradicated from the system by the use of

T. H. JACKSON'S

### COMMON-SENSE LINIMENT

AND RENOVATING POWDERS.

by following the directions for epizootic, coughs, colds and distemper. If you have a horse afflicted, don't fail to try it.

### For Worms in Horses, Mules and Colts.

There are several different kinds of worms found in the intestines of the horse. Of these, the principal are the long round worm, found in the small intestines, and the needle worm, found in the large intestines. Other varieties are sometimes found in the stomach and bowels, but it is not necessary to describe them.

The long round worm is from six to ten inches long, and resembles the common earth worm, or the same worm found in the human. It inhabits the small intestines, and there it causes much trouble, and the needle worms, found in the large intestines, are sometimes found in the stomach and bowels, but it is not necessary to describe them.

The needle worms occupy the large bowels, sometimes in incredible numbers. They are darker colored than the long round worm, and they are much more numerous. They are found in the large intestines, and the needle worms, found in the large intestines, are sometimes found in the stomach and bowels, but it is not necessary to describe them.

The tape worm is very seldom met with in the horse. It could only be certainly known by parts of it being found in the dung.

Strutworms—Worms may exist in the horse's bowels in considerable quantity, without causing great disturbance of his health. The symptoms of worms are not always very satisfactory. When they are troubling him much, the horse will become anthrill, the hide tight and belly tucked up, and the appetite greasy. Cough may sometimes be caused by worms.

But the symptoms may indicate other diseases, and of course, a careful examination for any other disease that gives rise to the same symptoms should be made; and, if none can be found, worms may be suspected, and remedies for their removal given.

A horse troubled with needle-worms will show signs of uneasiness, frequently rub his head against objects, or tucking it under and scratching.

CAUTION.—Some suppose worms to be natural, and even beneficial, in the bowels; but this is a mistake. An unhealthy condition of the mucous coat of the bowels is most likely the cause of worms. [Under the head of worms I have not said anything of bots for they are not properly worms.]

T. H. Jackson's Common Sense Renovating Powders is a positive worm destroyer, removing the worm without any disturbance of the system, and leaving the horse in a healthy condition, and giving health and tone to the animal's system. There is no danger in using it.

T. H. JACKSON,

The COMMON-SENSE

### Liniment Man,

Will be here on Monday, July 11th to 16th inclusive, and be sure and bring in your lame horses and have them

EXAMINED FREE

OF CHARGE.

## COMMON-SENSE

ABSORBENT

NEW THEORY

DISSOLVENT

DOES NOT BURN OR BLISTER

COMMON SENSE REMEDY

TRADE MARK

FOR MAN OR BEAST

PENETRATING

RELAXING

IT REQUIRES NO RUBBING.

## A COMMON-SENSE REMEDY!

For all Diseases of Man or Beast requiring an External Application. Being a great Absorbent, it acts directly, without any friction, as a ready dissolvent of all kinds of Scallies and Callouses. Instead of leaving the affected parts hard, dry and feverish, it is cooling in its nature, and leaves them moist and in a healthy condition. It creates a healthy circulation of the blood by dissolving all hard substances or foreign matter located in any part of the system, causing it to pass off through the pores of the skin and the channels designed by nature. It reduces inflammation, relaxes Cords and Muscles, soothes and allays Pain, by creating a healthy circulation around the affected parts.

IS A SURE AND SPEEDY CURE FOR THE FOLLOWING DISEASES.

**FOR HORSES:** TENDER FEET, DISEASES OF THE COFFIN JOINT, Coughed Ankle, Sore Shins, Contracted Hoofs, Rheumatism, Contracted Cords, Lameness in Horses, Hips, Sweeney, Scratches, Founder, Sore Shoulder, Sprung Knee, Callouses, Collar Bells, Sprains, Injuries from Barb Wire, Fresh Cuts, Bruises, and ALL CASES REQUIRING AN EXTERNAL APPLICATION.

**FOR MAN:** MUSCULAR RHEUMATISM, SCIATIC RHEUMATISM, Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Lumbago in the Back, Pile, Pains in the Side, Parache, Toothache, Partial Deafness, Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, Frost-Bitten and Tender Feet, and all Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Sores, and ALL AILMENTS REQUIRING AN EXTERNAL APPLICATION.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

T. H. JACKSON & CO., Quincy, Ill.

PRICE: 4c per Bottle, 50 Cents, BOTTLE 16 1/2 CENTS, BOTTLE 32 CENTS.

## T. H. JACKSON'S COMMON-SENSE LINIMENT.

A NEW THEORY IN PRACTICE. Composed of ingredients Cooling, Soothing and Strengthening, allaying Inflammation, relaxing the Cords and Muscles, giving a healthy circulation of the blood to the diseased parts. Unlike other compounds, requires no rubbing or friction, does not blister or irritate the skin. By its penetrating and dissolving qualities it softens and carries away any callous or foreign substances located between the inner and outer skin. Perfectly harmless in its effects, it can be used in the tenderest parts of Man or Beast without any bad effects resulting therefrom.

BELOW WILL BE FOUND DESCRIPTION OF DISEASES AND SPECIAL DIRECTIONS FOR USE

**Epizootic, Coughs, Colds and Distemper.**  
The mode of operating for these, is by pouring a couple of ounces of the Common-Sense Liniment in the nostrils of the horse, holding the head up so that he will swallow some of it, which will allay the inflammation in the throat and glands, and allow the clogging in the throat to pass away, giving the animal a chance to breathe freely. Also bathe the top of the head and throat thoroughly with the Liniment. This is the treatment in severe cases. It causes no strangulation or oppression to the horse, on the contrary, gives immediate relief. In mild cases, not so much is required. The Liniment to be used moderately every day, until the disease passes away. In cases of this kind, Jackson's Common-Sense Renovating Powders should be used—tablespoonful each day, for ten days, or longer, if a stubborn case.

**Sore Shoulders, Stomach and Bruised Shoulder.**  
CAUSE—Hard riding, strains, saddle bruises, and severe wrenches of the shoulder.  
TREATMENT—Thoroughly bathe the shoulders and shoulders with T. H. Jackson's Common-Sense Liniment, night and morning, which will, in a reasonable length of time, effect a permanent cure.

**Sprung Knees and Coughed Ankles.**  
CAUSE—Hard driving or pulling.  
TREATMENT—Bathe the cords and muscles from the shoulder to the foot, which will relax the contracted cords and give a thorough circulation of blood to the weakened parts. Thoroughly saturate the knee or ankle, which will soften the hardened Joint Water, giving perfect action to the leg, by using T. H. Jackson's Common-Sense Liniment.

**Strain of the Stifle Joint.**  
SYMPTOMS—Strain of the stifle joint is not, by any means, so clearly marked as might be supposed. There is very considerable lameness, the horse being scarcely able to touch his foot to the ground, the knee or ankle, which will soften the hardened Joint Water, giving perfect action to the leg, by using T. H. Jackson's Common-Sense Liniment.

**Contracted Feet.**  
Contracted feet are not a new case, but an effect of disease generally speaking, due to diminished activity, and to severity of structure within the hoof. Contractions, especially at the heel, are sometimes produced by the removal of horn from the heel and side during the operation of shoeing, so the more cutting away at the heel, by the blacksmith, is only helping on the contraction. The first thing to be done is to find out the cause of the contraction, and, secondly, remove the cause.  
CAUSE—Pounding of the Frog on the hard roads, producing fever in it and the heels, drying up the moisture in the shell, causing a contraction of the quarters.  
TREATMENT TO REMOVE THE CONTRACTION—Bathe the cords and muscles of the legs from the shoulder to the hoof, to relax the same and give a healthy circulation; and thoroughly saturate the hollow between the fetlock and the heel, with T. H. Jackson's Common-Sense Liniment, which will penetrate the cavities of the shell and create moisture and life in the foot. A few days after the first application, pare the quarters of the hoof, being outward, and not cutting the Frog, so as to remove the pressure of the quarter on the Frog.

**Disease of the Coffin Joint.**  
CAUSE—Hard riding, pulling, contraction of the hoof, inflammation and fever in the Frog, constant driving on hard and dry roads, sudden wrenches and twists.  
TREATMENT—Bathe the cords and muscles of the leg, apply T. H. Jackson's Common-Sense Liniment to the hollow under the fetlock and around the corner of the foot, which will relax the inflamed tissue of the shell or hoof, allaying the inflammation, and will make a permanent cure.

**Corns.**  
CAUSE—By pounding the feet over the hard roads and stones, causing the inner shell of the foot, and forming clotted blood, which, becoming hard, causes inflammation of the nerves of the foot.  
TREATMENT—Thoroughly saturate with T. H. Jackson's Common-Sense Liniment the hollow between the fetlock and the heel, which will penetrate the inside of the shell, dissolving the hard substance, allaying the inflammation and the Corns will disappear.

**Set Fast and Sore Back.**  
CAUSE—By the saddle or harness. Thoroughly saturate twice a day with T. H. Jackson's Common-Sense Liniment.

**Ulceration of the Foot or Hoof.**  
This trouble seems to be in the foot, then again in the shoulder; at times the animal limps as though pricked by a nail; the lameness passes, only to return with greater violence. This has been caused by a disease in the back part of the foot and heel, from the effect of bruising, travelling over stony roads, or mares in the foot, or gravel, and frequently by paring the hoof so low as to allow the heel to touch the ground, which will cause deeply seated ulcers to be formed.  
TREATMENT—Apply under the fetlock and around the crown of the foot the Common-Sense Liniment, twice a day, which, in a short time will effect a permanent cure.

**Enlargement of the Hoof.**  
Caused by kicks, severe wrenches and bruises, no particular part of it seems to be particularly affected; commences to swell and all the other parts of the hoof appear, such as nail, tendons and great lameness. If cases of this kind are left to themselves, heat, pain and tenderness of the hoof, can appear, and the swelling of the hoof, which will cause deeply seated ulcers to be formed.  
TREATMENT—Thoroughly bathe the hoof joint above and below it, which will cause the fever from the injury to come out from the joint, some times causing it to swell more than it originally was, which will pass away when the fever leaves it. A few days use of T. H. Jackson's Common-Sense Liniment will effect a permanent cure.

**Weak Eyes.**  
There are many kinds of weak eyes, some caused from a stroke or blow of some kind, or by running hay, straw or corn stalks into the eyes; some from disease, some from hard pulling, some from hard driving, some from congestion of the brain, and some from the optic nerve being affected.  
TREATMENT—Bathe the top of the head, above and around the eye, and saturate the eyelid with T. H. Jackson's Common-Sense Liniment, which will reduce the inflammation and drive out the sticky matter, carrying with it any foreign substance contained therein.

**Injuries from Barbed Wire, Sores, Fresh Cuts, Bruises**  
And all cases requiring an external application. Bathe with T. H. JACKSON'S COMMON-SENSE LINIMENT WITHOUT RUBBING.

## T. H. JACKSON,

THE COMMON-SENSE LINIMENT MAN  
WILL BE HERE ON  
MONDAY, JULY 11 to 16 Inclusive.